

Copper Controlled Materials

U.S. Department of Commerce **BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION FIRST QUARTER 1986

ITA9008(86)-1 Issued May 1986

The statistics in this publication are based on a survey of all known producers of brass mill products, and a 95-percent sample of producers of wire mill products. The figures represent total U.S. shipments of copper-base and foundry products.

A description of the survey methodology and related information appears on page 4.

Table 1. SUMMARY OF SHIPMENTS OF COPPER-BASE MILL AND FOUNDRY PRODUCTS: 1986 AND 1985

(Millions of pounds--metal weight)

		Brass mill products Copper wire mill products					
Quarter and year	Total	Alloyed	Unalloyed	Bare wire ²	Insulated communi- cation wire	Other insulated wire	Brass and bronze foundry products ³
1986							
First quarter	1,189	369	253	29	59	341	138
1985							
Total ⁴ Fourth quarter ⁴ Third quarter Second quarter First quarter	r ₄ ,728 r ₁ ,104 1,147 1,239 1,238	1,366 316 323 352 375	997 233 239 265 260	119 30 32 28 29	293 68 76 190	r1,412 r329 349 357	541 128 128 147 138

Note: Detail may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Report Series, M33E, Nonferrous Castings.

Revised data for fourth quarter 1985 precludes any previously released data for fourth quarter 1985 represented in the summary for 1985, issued April 1986.



Revised by 5 percent or more from previously published figures.

Represents copper content weight, rather than metal weight. Represents uninsulated, bare, tinned, and/or alloy coated wire.

Table 2. SHIPMENTS OF COPPER-BASE MILL AND FOUNDRY PRODUCTS

(Millions of pounds--metal weight)

Product description	First quarter 1986	Fourth quarter 1985l
Total shipments	1,189	r _{1,104}
Copper-base mill products	622	549
Sheet and strip ²	145	126
Rod, bar, and wire	194	169
Tube and pipe	30	2 I
Unalloyed copper:		
Sheet and strip	49	42
Rod, bar, and wire ³	22	22
Tube and pipe	182	169
Copper wire mill products ⁴	429	r ₄₂₇
Bare wire ⁵	29	30
Insulated communication wire	59	_ 68
Other insulated wire	341	r ₃₂₉
Brass and bronze foundry products 6	138	128

Note: Detail may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{r}}$ Revised by 5 percent or more from previously published figures.

¹Revised data for fourth quarter 1985 precludes any previously released data for fourth quarter 1985 represented in the summary for 1985, issued April 1986.

²Military ammunition cups and discs are included on a net-weight basis, i.e., excluding the weight of the

webbing scrap generated in the cupping and discing.

3Does not include electrical wire.

4Reported in copper content weight rather than metal weight.

5Represents uninsulated, bare, tinned, and/or alloy coated wire.

6Source: Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Report Series, M33E, Nonferrous Castings.

Table 3. SHIPMENTS, EXPORTS, IMPORTS, AND APPARENT CONSUMPTION OF COPPER-BASE MILL AND FOUNDRY PRODUCTS: 1986 AND 1985

(Quantity in millions of pounds)

Product description 1	Manufacturers' shipments	Exports of domestic merchandise 1 2	Percent exports to manufacturers' shipments	Imports for consumption 1 3	Apparent consumption ⁴	Percent imports to apparent consumption
FIRST QUARTER 1986						
Copper-base mill products: Copper-base alloy:	651	23	4	134	762	18
Sheet and strip	145	3	2	h	205	
Rod, bar, and wire	194	3	2	52	385	14
Tube and pipe	30	3	10	16	43	37
Unalloyed copper:				1		
Sheet and strip	49	5	. 10	}	85	25
Rod, bar, and wire	22	2	9)	0.2	23
Tube and pipe	182	2	1	24	204	12
Copper wire mill products, bare wire	29	5	17	21	45	47
FOURTH QUARTER 1985						
Copper-base mill products ⁵	579	20	3	99	658	15
Sheet and strip	126	3	2	h		
Rod, bar, and wire		3	2	 }	336	14
Tube and pipe	21	3	14	14	32	44
Unalloyed copper:						
Sheet and strip	42	2	5	17	7.0	0.0
Rod, bar, and wire	22	1	5	17	78	22
Tube and pipe	169	3	2	15	181	8
Copper wire mill products, bare wire	30	5	17	6	31	19

For comparison of domestic manufacturers' shipment, export numbers, and import numbers for copper-base mill and foundry products, see table 4.

²Source: Bureau of the Census report EM 546, U.S. Exports.

³Source: Bureau of the Census report IM 145-X, U.S. Imports for Consumption and General Imports.

⁴Apparent consumption is derived by subtracting exports from the total of net shipments plus imports.

⁵This total does not include either insulated wire and cable or brass and bronze foundry products.

Table 4. COMPARISON OF DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS' SHIPMENTS, SCHEDULE B EXPORT NUMBERS, AND TSUSA IMPORT NUMBERS FOR COPPER-BASE MILL PRODUCTS: 1986

Product description	Export number	Import number		
Copper mill products:				
Copper-base alloy:		(612.3400,612.3500,612.3600,612.3800,612.3920,612.3940,		
Sheet, strip, and plate	612.3360,612.3370,612.3380	K612.3960,612.3982,612.3986,612.4000,612.4100,612.4300,		
		(612.4410,612.4430,612.4510,612.4520,612.5200,612.6100,		
Rod bar, and wire	612,4620	612.6205,612.6290,612.6300,612.6410,612.6420,612.8100,		
		612.8200		
Tube and pipe	613.0520,613.0530	613.0600,613.0800,613.1000,613.1100,613.1200		
Unalloyed copper:				
Sheet, strip, and plate	612.3320	612.3000,612.3120,612.3140,612.3160,612.3200,		
Rod, bar, and wire	612.4642,612.4645	612.5000,612.6000,612.8000		
Tube and pipe	613.0540,613.0550	613.0210,613.0290,613.0300,613.0400		
Copper wire mill products, bare wire	612.7420,612.7440	612.7000,612.7100,612.7220,612.7240,612.7260,612.7300		

 $^{^{\}mathrm{l}}$ The import and export numbers for this line do not include wire.

DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY

Scope of Survey. This survey covers producers of selected copper controlled materials, i.e., brass mill and copper wire mill and foundry products.

Survey Methodology. The statistics in this publication on copperbase mill products were collected by mail on Bureau of the Census and International Trade Administration Form ITA9008, Copper Controlled Materials. The survey panel is based on a list of all known producers of copper-base mill shapes supplied by the International Trade Administration (ITA), Department of Commerce. It also includes manufacturers who produce about 95 percent of wire mill products based on studies made by ITA. The data for wire mill products include estimates for small producers in order to represent 100 percent coverage. Approximately 90 companies are included in the mail panel.

Also included in this publication are estimates for foundry products, which are derived from Current Industrial Reports Series M33E, Nonferrous Castings. A description of the methodology for the survey from which these data are derived can be found in the January 1986 publication for this series.

Reliability of Data. Survey error may result from several sources: (1) inability to obtain information about all cases in the survey; (2) response errors; (3) definitional difficulties; (4) differences in the interpretation of questions; (5) mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained; and (6) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing data. These non-sampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurement of the biases due to nonsampling errors has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize their influence.

A major source of bias in the published estimates is due to imputing data for nonrespondents, for late reporters, and for data which fail logic edits. Missing figures are imputed based on quarter-to-quarter movements shown by reporting firms. Imputation generally is limited to a maximum of 10 percent for any one data cell. Figures with imputation rates greater than 10 percent are footnoted.

The imputation rate is not an explicit indicator of the potential error in published figures due to nonresponse, because the actual quarterly movements for nonrespondents may or may not closely agree with the imputed movements. The range of difference between the actual and imputed figures is not precisely known, but is assumed to be small. The degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the published data, however, increases as the percentage of imputation increases. Figures with imputation rates above 10 percent should be used with caution.

Revisions to Previous Period Data. Statistics for previous quarters may be revised as the result of corrected data from respondents, including the receipt of late reports for which imputations were made as described above. Figures which have been revised by more than 5 percent from previously published figures are indicated by footnotes.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Shipments. Shipments include all copper-base mill product controlled materials. Both products produced by the company which owns the materials and products produced for others under toll agreements are included.

Shipments by brass and bronze foundries include both shipments for sale (to the trade) and shipments (production) for own use. Shipments for own use represents copper and copperbase alloy castings for use by the reporting company or by a subsidiary, parent, or other affiliated company. Also included are castings produced and consumed at the same location in the production of finished products.

Definitions of Copper Controlled Materials:

Copper-Base Mill Products. Products produced by rolling, drawing, and extruding copper, brass, bronze, and other copper-base alloy basic shapes. Drawing and insulating of copper wire are also included. All other intermediate shapes are excluded. An intermediate shape is any product which has been rolled, drawn, or extruded from refined copper or brass, and which will be rerolled, redrawn, insulated, or further processed into finished brass mill or copper wire mill products (or into another intermediate shape) by other producers of intermediate or finished shapes of copper controlled materials.

Controlled Materials. Domestic and imported steel, copper, aluminum, and nickel alloys, in the forms and shapes specified in DPAS regulation, whether new, remelted, rerolled, or redrawn.

Rated Order. Prime contract, subcontract, or a purchase order in support of an authorized program which requires preferential treatment in accordance with provisions of the DPAS regulation.

DPAS. Defense Priorities and Allocations System.

COMPARISON OF EXPORT, IMPORT, AND DOMESTIC OUTPUT DATA

The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system used for domestic output and the statistical export and import commodity classifications were developed independently. This results in considerable difficulty in comparing the three types of data for many commodity areas. The domestic output classification is based on type of industry; on the other hand, the export and import classification system is more materials oriented. Also, there are a substantial number of imported commodities which have no comparable domestic output classification. The relationships shown in this report should be considered only as approximations, since, in addition to the problems mentioned above, there are also the following problems affecting the comparability of the three sets of data.

Valuation. There are different methods of valuation for the three types of data:

- Domestic Output. Valued at the point of production. It includes the net sales price, f.o.b. plant, after discounts and allowances, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes.
- Exports. Valued at the point of exportation. It includes the selling price, or cost if not sold, and inland freight, insurance and other charges to the export point.

Estimated producers' values of exports have also been developed. These values more closely approximate the values reported for domestic output because they exclude freight, insurance, and other charges applied from the producing plant to the export point.

Imports. Valued at the first port of entry in the United States.
 It includes c.i.f. (cost, insurance, and freight), duty, and other charges to the import point.

Duplication in Quantity and Value of Output. Because producers' shipments of some commodities may be used as materials for incorporation into other commodities, combinations of data for such commodities may contain a certain amount of duplication. Thus, percentages of exports to output or imports to apparent consumption (output plus imports minus exports) at four-digit or broader levels may be understated. Where duplication is known to be substantial, the output data are appropriately noted in the table.

Low-Value Export and Import Transactions. Detailed commodity information is not included for individual export shipments valued at not more than \$1,000. Generally, detailed commodity information is not included for individual import shipments valued at not more than \$1,000. For textiles and textile products, gloves, footwear, and miscellaneous rubber and plastics products, detailed commodity information is not included for individual import shipments valued at not more than \$250. This is believed to have only negligible effects on the statistics for the bulk of the commodities.

Manufacturers' Shipments, Not Specified by Kind. The value of manufacturers' shipments at the four-digit industry level often includes a small amount which is not distributed among the individual five-digit product classes. Export and import percentages at the more detailed levels might, therefore, be slightly overstated.

Time Lag Between Output and Exports. There will be a lag between the time a commodity is produced or shipped by the producer and the time it is actually exported, especially when intermediaries (wholesalers, exporters, etc.) are involved. Ordinarily, this type of discrepancy is insignificant in annual figures.

"Direct" vs "Total" Commodity Exports and Imports. Export and import data do not include materials which are incorporated into other more finished products and exported or imported in

finished form. Thus, by showing only direct exports and imports, the relation of exports to output and imports to apparent consumption for intermediate products is considerably understated.

Used Commodities. With a few exceptions, used or rebuilt commodities are classified in the same import or export codes as is new merchandise. Percentages are thus overstated to the extent that used or rebuilt products are significant in trade.

Geographic Area of Coverage. Import and export data reflect the movement of merchandise into and out of U.S. foreign trade zones, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. customs territory (includes the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico).

RELATED REPORTS

An annual Current Industrial Report also is published in this series. The annual report summarizes quarterly figures and incorporates known revisions for both the current and previous years. It also provides a single reference copy to replace the quarterly publications.

The Bureau of the Census also publishes the following related reports:

Series	Frequency	Title				
Current Industrial Reports						
М33Е	Monthly	Nonferrous Castings				
MA33L	Annual	Insulated Wire and Cable				
Other Industrial Reports						
M3-1	Monthly	Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders				
(AS)	Annually	Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM)				
(MC)	Quinquennially	Census of Manufactures				
Foreign Trade Reports						
EM546	Monthly	U.S. Exports—Schedule B— Commodity by Country				
IM145X	Monthly	U.S. Imports for Consumption and General Imports				

CONTACTS FOR DATA USERS

Subject Area	Contact	Phone Number
Current Industrial Report ITA9008	Pamela J. Gl e kas	(301) 763-2529

Subject Area Manufacturers' Ship-	Contact Ruth Runyan	Phone Number (301) 763-2502	Subject Area	Contact	Phone Number
ments, Inventories, and Orders			Foreign Trade publication	Joyce Ware	(301) 763-5140
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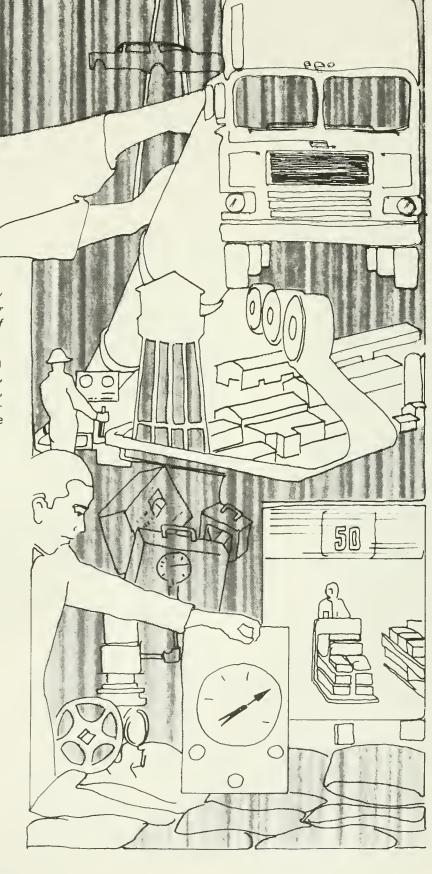
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